

MONTH	PLANTS BLOOMING/FRUITING	NOTES
January	<i>Oemleria cerasiformis</i> (Oso Berry / Indian Plum) - early blooms	Very early nectar & pollen for emerging bees
	<i>Ribes sanguineum</i> (Red-flowering Currant) - sometimes starts in mild areas	Early hummingbird nectar
February	<i>Oemleria cerasiformis</i> (Indian Plum)	Continued early bloom
	<i>Arbutus menziesii</i> (Pacific Madrone) - flowers appear late February to early March	Bees and hummingbirds
March	<i>Ribes sanguineum</i> (Red-flowering Currant)	Early nectar
	<i>Trillium ovatum</i> (Western Trillium)	Woodland early bloomer
	<i>Camassia quamash</i> (Common Camas)	Meadows and wet prairies
	<i>Erythronium oregonum</i> (Oregon Fawn Lily)	Early spring wildflower
April	<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i> (Serviceberry)	Berries later; flowers for bees
	<i>Fritillaria affinis</i> (Chocolate Lily)	Woodland and meadows
	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i> (Tall Oregon Grape)	Yellow flowers in late spring
	<i>Rubus spectabilis</i> (Salmonberry)	Nectar and fruit
May	<i>Aquilegia formosa</i> (Western Columbine)	Hummingbird favorite
	<i>Sambucus nigra ssp. cerulea</i> (Blue Elderberry)	Large clusters of nectar flowers
	<i>Rhododendron macrophyllum</i> (Pacific Rhododendron)	Woodland blooms
	<i>Vaccinium ovatum</i> (Evergreen Huckleberry)	Flowers attract bees
June	<i>Gilia capitata</i> (Globe Gilia)	Open sites and meadows
	<i>Mahonia repens</i> (Creeping Oregon Grape)	Groundcover with nectar
	<i>Ribes sanguineum</i> (Red Flowering Currant)	Late bloom in some areas
July	<i>Eriophyllum lanatum</i> (Oregon Sunshine)	Long-blooming, great for bees
	<i>Solidago canadensis</i> (Goldenrod)	Late season nectar
	<i>Symphyotrichum subspicatum</i> (Douglas Aster)	Late summer to fall bloom
August	<i>Solidago lepida</i> (Goldenrod)	Extends nectar supply into fall
	<i>Symphyotrichum subspicatum</i> (Douglas Aster)	Continued bloom
September	<i>Symphyotrichum subspicatum</i> (Douglas Aster)	Late nectar and pollen
	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i> (Oregon Grape) - berries ripen	Fruit for birds
	<i>Rubus ursinus</i> (Trailing Blackberry)	Berries ripen
October	<i>Symphoricarpos albus</i> (Snowberry)	White berries feed birds
	<i>Vaccinium ovatum</i> (Evergreen Huckleberry)	Berries mature
November	<i>Symphoricarpos albus</i> (Snowberry)	Late fruit availability
	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i> (Oregon Grape) - berries persist	Birds continue feeding
December	Dormant period for most flowering plants	Seeds and fruits still feed wildlife
	<i>Thuja plicata</i> (Western Redcedar) - pollen cones	Wind pollination, habitat